

the trunk from the house, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard. I remained at Maltrasto the next day, and left the following night, and went to (Com), and from there to Genoa, where I took the steamer Irene three days later.

"The room where I killed her was an outdoor sleeping apartment."

(Signed) "PORTER CHARLTON."

As he appended his signature, Charlton remarked: "There is a Russian, Inspector. I see he has been under suspicion in connection with this affair, and I want to clear him. He was the only man of intelligence in the neighborhood of our villa. The rest of those who came to see us were cattle."



"Coming events cast their shadows before."

We knew what the Summer fashions for little boys would be in advance and we made our usual liberal provision.

- Thin Serges—
Summery Casimeres—
Liberal Blouse Waists—
Khaki shirts and trousers—
Lovely scarfs—
Gauzy underwear, 25c—
Stockings of silk hie, 25c—
Stylish collars—
Soft hats, caps and straw—
Shoes like the men's—\$2 up.
Wash suits—man tailored and fast in color—95c up.
Middy blouses and ties for girls.
Our second floor is a grand Bazaar for boys, girls and children's wear.

C. H. Derry

After Charlton had been led away to a cell, Captain Scott told his story. "Several days ago," he said, "I made up my mind that Porter Charlton would come back to this country. He had no friends in Europe, and it would be his natural impulse to come home. Yesterday I learned that the Deutsch-Jagd was due here to-day, and I got a ten days' absence and made up my mind to go to New York and personally watch every incoming steamer."

"In New York," continued Captain Scott, "I went to the National City Bank, where Charlton was employed. There I obtained a description of the man and a sample of his handwriting. Then I went to Hoboken and saw Chief of Police Hayes. I found that he had laid all traps for the apprehension of Charlton at the steamers. While I was giving him the description of the man I was informed that the Princess Irene had just docked. "Although I had made arrangements to meet the steamer, I did not go to the harbor with a tug. I hastened to the North German Lloyd dock. The Princess Irene had just discharged her passengers, and the custom officers were examining their baggage. Three detectives were looking down the street in two or three stalls, and in the last I saw a young fellow I thought answered the description of Charlton. He was looking about him, and his hands trembled slightly. He opened his bag for the inspectors. We went up to him and I asked: 'Aren't you Porter Charlton?' He denied this emphatically, and told me that his name was Jack Coleman."

Evidence Conclusive.

The captain here described how he hesitated to order the arrest, and forced Charlton to write his signature, which tallied so accurately with the sample in his possession that he felt sure that no mistake was being made. Charlton was taken to headquarters where he again signed his name. Again there was marked resemblance with the handwriting in Scott's possession, but there was yet doubt in the minds of the police until they examined the inside of a small collar bag. There they found a tag such as is attached to clothing. It was lettered "P. Charlton." Several sheets of paper, covered with typewritten verses were found also, and one of these bore the signature, "John Rodney (Porter Charlton)," the former apparently a pen name.

When the youth saw this evidence he stepped close to Chief Hayes and said: "I am Porter Charlton. I admit it." Then he glanced fearfully at his brother-in-law.

"I won't make any statement in the presence of Captain Scott," he declared tremblingly. "I'll tell everything, only get Captain Scott out of the room."

Scott withdrew and the youth then told his terrible story. Finishing, he added calmly, almost smugly, "I have no defense to make, no defense."

Charlton looked anything but capable of the deed to which he has confessed.

Not Without Resources.

Self-confessed murderer though he is, Charlton is not without resources. Soon after he was locked up, he got an attorney and his father, Judge Charlton, arrived in Hoboken to-night to look after his son's case. The young man will be arraigned before Recorder McGovern at 9 o'clock to-morrow as a fugitive from justice, and the disposition of his case from that time probably will rest with the Federal authorities.

As soon as Gustav Di Rosa, the Italian consul at New York, learned of Charlton's arrest, he cabled his government for instructions. He believed to-night that he would be ordered to make application to-morrow for extradition for trial in Italy.

While his imprisonment is the severest penalty Charlton could pay for his crime under the Italian law, it is expected that his family will endeavor to keep him in the country. Attorneys here and in Washington think

that the Italian law is not without resources. Soon after he was locked up, he got an attorney and his father, Judge Charlton, arrived in Hoboken to-night to look after his son's case. The young man will be arraigned before Recorder McGovern at 9 o'clock to-morrow as a fugitive from justice, and the disposition of his case from that time probably will rest with the Federal authorities.

As soon as Gustav Di Rosa, the Italian consul at New York, learned of Charlton's arrest, he cabled his government for instructions. He believed to-night that he would be ordered to make application to-morrow for extradition for trial in Italy.

While his imprisonment is the severest penalty Charlton could pay for his crime under the Italian law, it is expected that his family will endeavor to keep him in the country. Attorneys here and in Washington think

that the Italian law is not without resources. Soon after he was locked up, he got an attorney and his father, Judge Charlton, arrived in Hoboken to-night to look after his son's case. The young man will be arraigned before Recorder McGovern at 9 o'clock to-morrow as a fugitive from justice, and the disposition of his case from that time probably will rest with the Federal authorities.

As soon as Gustav Di Rosa, the Italian consul at New York, learned of Charlton's arrest, he cabled his government for instructions. He believed to-night that he would be ordered to make application to-morrow for extradition for trial in Italy.

While his imprisonment is the severest penalty Charlton could pay for his crime under the Italian law, it is expected that his family will endeavor to keep him in the country. Attorneys here and in Washington think

that the Italian law is not without resources. Soon after he was locked up, he got an attorney and his father, Judge Charlton, arrived in Hoboken to-night to look after his son's case. The young man will be arraigned before Recorder McGovern at 9 o'clock to-morrow as a fugitive from justice, and the disposition of his case from that time probably will rest with the Federal authorities.

As soon as Gustav Di Rosa, the Italian consul at New York, learned of Charlton's arrest, he cabled his government for instructions. He believed to-night that he would be ordered to make application to-morrow for extradition for trial in Italy.

While his imprisonment is the severest penalty Charlton could pay for his crime under the Italian law, it is expected that his family will endeavor to keep him in the country. Attorneys here and in Washington think

that the Italian law is not without resources. Soon after he was locked up, he got an attorney and his father, Judge Charlton, arrived in Hoboken to-night to look after his son's case. The young man will be arraigned before Recorder McGovern at 9 o'clock to-morrow as a fugitive from justice, and the disposition of his case from that time probably will rest with the Federal authorities.

As soon as Gustav Di Rosa, the Italian consul at New York, learned of Charlton's arrest, he cabled his government for instructions. He believed to-night that he would be ordered to make application to-morrow for extradition for trial in Italy.

While his imprisonment is the severest penalty Charlton could pay for his crime under the Italian law, it is expected that his family will endeavor to keep him in the country. Attorneys here and in Washington think

that the Italian law is not without resources. Soon after he was locked up, he got an attorney and his father, Judge Charlton, arrived in Hoboken to-night to look after his son's case. The young man will be arraigned before Recorder McGovern at 9 o'clock to-morrow as a fugitive from justice, and the disposition of his case from that time probably will rest with the Federal authorities.

lina. There were sixteen present who did not vote, and numerous pairs of Democrats with the Republicans.

Political Bunching.

During the debate leading up to this vote, Mr. Tawney said he hoped the House would recede and convey with the Senate as to this amendment, declaring that the amendment was offered for pure political bunching. He protested against Congress tying the hands of the government in the enforcement of criminal law, and declared that the amendment "would institute a policy that some day would shake the very foundation of this government."

Mr. Hughes, author of the amendment, denied that his purpose was political. "There are many members," he shouted, "on the Republican side of the House whom I am glad to acquit of this charge of demagoguery. It is significant that the Republican party, built on the idea of striking the manacles from the black slaves, should seek now to put manacles on the white slaves, the laboring men of this country."

The bill was sent back to conference with the Hughes amendment eliminated for further consideration.

Charge of Lobbying.

Washington, D. C., June 23.—A charge of lobbying was injected into a projected debate in the House today over the old fight between the Bureau of Standards and Bureau of Mines for jurisdiction over the testing of coal and structural material.

Mr. Tawney, of Minneapolis, one of the conferees of the sundry bill, who wants the work performed in the Bureau of Standards, alleged that there had been interests hovering about the corridors of the Capitol to influence Congress.

Mr. Tawney named Professor Edward H. Taylor, Jr., a structural engineer, formerly employed by the Interior Department, as being one of two men whom he alleged tried yesterday, by appearing unannounced, to direct the House conferees. Mr. Tawney also said the chief engineer of the Atlas Cement Company had for the last month been at the Capitol urging the continuance of the work in the Bureau of Standards, alleged that there had been interests hovering about the corridors of the Capitol to influence Congress.

Mr. Tawney named Professor Edward H. Taylor, Jr., a structural engineer, formerly employed by the Interior Department, as being one of two men whom he alleged tried yesterday, by appearing unannounced, to direct the House conferees. Mr. Tawney also said the chief engineer of the Atlas Cement Company had for the last month been at the Capitol urging the continuance of the work in the Bureau of Standards, alleged that there had been interests hovering about the corridors of the Capitol to influence Congress.

Mr. Tawney named Professor Edward H. Taylor, Jr., a structural engineer, formerly employed by the Interior Department, as being one of two men whom he alleged tried yesterday, by appearing unannounced, to direct the House conferees. Mr. Tawney also said the chief engineer of the Atlas Cement Company had for the last month been at the Capitol urging the continuance of the work in the Bureau of Standards, alleged that there had been interests hovering about the corridors of the Capitol to influence Congress.

Mr. Tawney named Professor Edward H. Taylor, Jr., a structural engineer, formerly employed by the Interior Department, as being one of two men whom he alleged tried yesterday, by appearing unannounced, to direct the House conferees. Mr. Tawney also said the chief engineer of the Atlas Cement Company had for the last month been at the Capitol urging the continuance of the work in the Bureau of Standards, alleged that there had been interests hovering about the corridors of the Capitol to influence Congress.

Mr. Tawney named Professor Edward H. Taylor, Jr., a structural engineer, formerly employed by the Interior Department, as being one of two men whom he alleged tried yesterday, by appearing unannounced, to direct the House conferees. Mr. Tawney also said the chief engineer of the Atlas Cement Company had for the last month been at the Capitol urging the continuance of the work in the Bureau of Standards, alleged that there had been interests hovering about the corridors of the Capitol to influence Congress.

Mr. Tawney named Professor Edward H. Taylor, Jr., a structural engineer, formerly employed by the Interior Department, as being one of two men whom he alleged tried yesterday, by appearing unannounced, to direct the House conferees. Mr. Tawney also said the chief engineer of the Atlas Cement Company had for the last month been at the Capitol urging the continuance of the work in the Bureau of Standards, alleged that there had been interests hovering about the corridors of the Capitol to influence Congress.

Mr. Tawney named Professor Edward H. Taylor, Jr., a structural engineer, formerly employed by the Interior Department, as being one of two men whom he alleged tried yesterday, by appearing unannounced, to direct the House conferees. Mr. Tawney also said the chief engineer of the Atlas Cement Company had for the last month been at the Capitol urging the continuance of the work in the Bureau of Standards, alleged that there had been interests hovering about the corridors of the Capitol to influence Congress.

Mr. Tawney named Professor Edward H. Taylor, Jr., a structural engineer, formerly employed by the Interior Department, as being one of two men whom he alleged tried yesterday, by appearing unannounced, to direct the House conferees. Mr. Tawney also said the chief engineer of the Atlas Cement Company had for the last month been at the Capitol urging the continuance of the work in the Bureau of Standards, alleged that there had been interests hovering about the corridors of the Capitol to influence Congress.

Mr. Tawney named Professor Edward H. Taylor, Jr., a structural engineer, formerly employed by the Interior Department, as being one of two men whom he alleged tried yesterday, by appearing unannounced, to direct the House conferees. Mr. Tawney also said the chief engineer of the Atlas Cement Company had for the last month been at the Capitol urging the continuance of the work in the Bureau of Standards, alleged that there had been interests hovering about the corridors of the Capitol to influence Congress.

Mr. Tawney named Professor Edward H. Taylor, Jr., a structural engineer, formerly employed by the Interior Department, as being one of two men whom he alleged tried yesterday, by appearing unannounced, to direct the House conferees. Mr. Tawney also said the chief engineer of the Atlas Cement Company had for the last month been at the Capitol urging the continuance of the work in the Bureau of Standards, alleged that there had been interests hovering about the corridors of the Capitol to influence Congress.

Mr. Tawney named Professor Edward H. Taylor, Jr., a structural engineer, formerly employed by the Interior Department, as being one of two men whom he alleged tried yesterday, by appearing unannounced, to direct the House conferees. Mr. Tawney also said the chief engineer of the Atlas Cement Company had for the last month been at the Capitol urging the continuance of the work in the Bureau of Standards, alleged that there had been interests hovering about the corridors of the Capitol to influence Congress.

Mr. Tawney named Professor Edward H. Taylor, Jr., a structural engineer, formerly employed by the Interior Department, as being one of two men whom he alleged tried yesterday, by appearing unannounced, to direct the House conferees. Mr. Tawney also said the chief engineer of the Atlas Cement Company had for the last month been at the Capitol urging the continuance of the work in the Bureau of Standards, alleged that there had been interests hovering about the corridors of the Capitol to influence Congress.

Mr. Tawney named Professor Edward H. Taylor, Jr., a structural engineer, formerly employed by the Interior Department, as being one of two men whom he alleged tried yesterday, by appearing unannounced, to direct the House conferees. Mr. Tawney also said the chief engineer of the Atlas Cement Company had for the last month been at the Capitol urging the continuance of the work in the Bureau of Standards, alleged that there had been interests hovering about the corridors of the Capitol to influence Congress.

A Cable Ad. Every Day.

Your Piano Will Behave if you Treat it Right

It needs rest and recreation. Some parts of its system get out of order occasionally, and the Piano Physician should be consulted—a specialist who can locate the trouble and operate successfully—one that is skillful in his work and yet reasonable in his charges.

Once a year, at least, your piano needs the tonic effect of a good overhauling.

The Cable Piano Co. Piano Hospital

is fully equipped to repair or refinish your piano, store and return it to you when you come back from your summer vacation.

Phone Mad. 2734.

Cable Piano Co.

213 East Broad.

elect on a Rooseveltian platform, there had been only a half-hearted effort to carry out the promise of that platform. He also asserted that because of their conservatism the Republicans would defeat even the pending bill if they knew that the President was an advocate of it.

Mr. Stone offered an amendment appropriating \$150,000 to pay the expenses of an investigation into the feasibility of draining the swamp lands of Missouri, Arkansas and Louisiana, and subsequently, but after some discussion, it was voted down.

Mr. Payne opposed the bill as leading to extravagant expenditures.

Ovation for Tener.

Washington, June 23.—Representative John K. Tener, Republican nominee for Governor of Pennsylvania, told some of his colleagues who had planned to give the House a surprise on his return from the convention.

Mr. Tener is a six-footer, a former baseball player and some of his friends in the House had arranged with Mr. Burke and Mr. Moore, of Pennsylvania, both of slight stature, to make a surprise on the floor of the House and insure a great reception. But Tener was bashful and when he arrived at the House hurried by another door unheralded.

The model for the monument to be erected in the center of the city of Mexico, which has been raised funds for the erection of a monument to the memory of the late President, was unveiled yesterday.

Boat a Sheet of Fire.

Chicago, Ill., June 23.—One man was probably fatally burned, another suffered severe injuries and fifteen narrowly escaped with their lives, when a gas explosion and fire on board the steam yacht Columbia, at the foot of Randolph Street last night.

The fifty-foot boat was swept by a sheet of flame following the explosion of the gasoline tank. Howard O'Beary, the model for the monument, was killed, and several other men were injured.

WANT ROOSEVELT TO HELP.

Republicans Will Ask Former President to Make Speech in Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., June 23.—Theodore Roosevelt was asked to make a speech in Norfolk during the congressional campaign in the fall to help elect a Republican from this district.

QUASHES INDICTMENT.

Judge Landis Sustains Demurrer of Beef Trust.

Chicago, June 23.—Judge Landis in the United States District Court here to-day sustained the demurrers of the Beef Trust against the indictment charging a combination in restraint of trade.

WAGES INCREASED.

It is shown, however, that the advance in wages has been more rapid in the United States than in European countries, and that in some of the latter there have been no advances during the ten years.

WAGES INCREASED.

It is shown, however, that the advance in wages has been more rapid in the United States than in European countries, and that in some of the latter there have been no advances during the ten years.

WAGES INCREASED.

It is shown, however, that the advance in wages has been more rapid in the United States than in European countries, and that in some of the latter there have been no advances during the ten years.

WAGES INCREASED.

It is shown, however, that the advance in wages has been more rapid in the United States than in European countries, and that in some of the latter there have been no advances during the ten years.

sense of being organized for the purpose of controlling prices in restraint of trade, but by reason of manufacturing or controlling a percentage of the output they are able to exercise some control over prices. The committee report says:

"The prices of many of the trust-produced commodities have not advanced as rapidly as have other commodities. In some cases where such produced commodities have advanced greatly the advance appears to be due largely to other causes, such as short supply. But in many cases the advance in prices of commodities produced in other countries where trusts could not have exercised the same control over production and marketing."

MANY VICTIMS CLAIMED BY HEAT

Seventeen Deaths in Philadelphia Are Caused by Hot Wave.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 23.—Excessive heat here to-day caused one man to end his life with a bullet from a revolver. Another was overcome and fell in front of a train, which killed him in the presence of hundreds of horrified onlookers. In addition, fifteen deaths were due to the torrid weather itself. This was the third day of the present wave, and the mercury climbed to 96 degrees at 1 o'clock this afternoon, and remained at the 90 mark until after sunset.

Many of the street thermometers registered as high as 100 degrees. Complaining that he was suffering from the heat, Herbert Harris, aged fifty-five years, a wealthy farmer of Springfield, Delaware, shot and killed himself on his porch in this city.

David B. Perkins, aged forty-five, was overcome with heat while waiting for a train at Upsal Station, a suburb. He fell from the platform directly in front of an approaching locomotive, and was instantly killed.

Batham Crosby, aged fifty years, was overcome by the heat while at work on the top of a telegraph pole, falling on wires, where he was electrocuted. Unable longer to bear the heat, which she said was burning her up, Meta Lenka, aged forty years, of Camden, N. J., killed herself with a shotgun in the presence of her seventeen-year-old daughter.

STATUE TO PASTEUR

To Be Placed in Mexico City During Centennial Celebration.

Mexico City, June 23.—The Frenchmen the world over, and particularly those in Mexico, who have raised funds for the erection of a monument to the memory of Louis Pasteur, have decided to place the statue in the city of Mexico.

The sum of 25,000 pesos (\$12,500 in gold) has already been subscribed to build the monument, and the French colony declares it can raise much more if necessary. It is thought that the sum now in hand will be sufficient.

Boat a Sheet of Fire.

Chicago, Ill., June 23.—One man was probably fatally burned, another suffered severe injuries and fifteen narrowly escaped with their lives, when a gas explosion and fire on board the steam yacht Columbia, at the foot of Randolph Street last night.

WANT ROOSEVELT TO HELP.

Republicans Will Ask Former President to Make Speech in Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., June 23.—Theodore Roosevelt was asked to make a speech in Norfolk during the congressional campaign in the fall to help elect a Republican from this district.

QUASHES INDICTMENT.

Judge Landis Sustains Demurrer of Beef Trust.

Chicago, June 23.—Judge Landis in the United States District Court here to-day sustained the demurrers of the Beef Trust against the indictment charging a combination in restraint of trade.

WAGES INCREASED.

It is shown, however, that the advance in wages has been more rapid in the United States than in European countries, and that in some of the latter there have been no advances during the ten years.

WAGES INCREASED.

It is shown, however, that the advance in wages has been more rapid in the United States than in European countries, and that in some of the latter there have been no advances during the ten years.

WAGES INCREASED.

It is shown, however, that the advance in wages has been more rapid in the United States than in European countries, and that in some of the latter there have been no advances during the ten years.

WAGES INCREASED.

It is shown, however, that the advance in wages has been more rapid in the United States than in European countries, and that in some of the latter there have been no advances during the ten years.

WAGES INCREASED.

It is shown, however, that the advance in wages has been more rapid in the United States than in European countries, and that in some of the latter there have been no advances during the ten years.

WAGES INCREASED.

It is shown, however, that the advance in wages has been more rapid in the United States than in European countries, and that in some of the latter there have been no advances during the ten years.

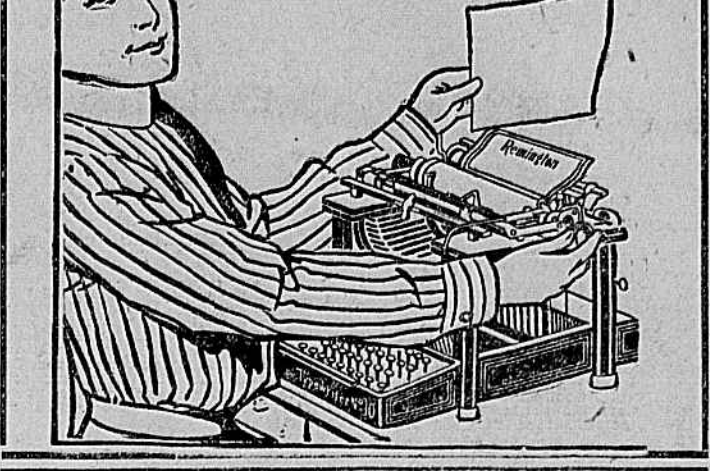
WAGES INCREASED.

It is shown, however, that the advance in wages has been more rapid in the United States than in European countries, and that in some of the latter there have been no advances during the ten years.

The Greatest Triumph in Typewriter History

NEW VISIBLE MODELS OF THE REMINGTON

These new models represent the sum total of more labor, more experience, more accumulated knowledge and greater resource than all other typewriters combined. That is why these new Remingtons have given such complete satisfaction to typewriter users, and why their sales have broken all records since the invention of the writing machine.



declared to be a mere conclusion. Judge Landis said: "The court is not clothed with authority to supply evidence by inference the complete omission of so fundamental an element of the offense."

C. & O. BUYS C. C. & L.

Former New Hine Chicago to Seaboard Line.

Richmond, Ind., June 23.—On a bid of \$2,200,000 the Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville Railway was to-day sold to men representing the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway. The sale was conducted by James P. Goodrich, receiver, who has been in charge of the line for two years.

Only one bid was received. In acquiring the Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville, the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway will take possession of the Illinois Central Railroad, and thus has a "Chicago to the seaboard line."

KAISER ARRIVES AT KIEL

Comes on Yacht Hohenzollern to Witness the Regatta.

Kiel, Germany, June 23.—Emperor William arrived here to-day from Altona on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern to witness the annual yachting regatta.

OBITUARY

Frank S. Harper.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Alexandria, Va., June 23.—Frank S. Harper, a widely known wholesale grocer, was stricken with heart trouble while on his stoop shortly after 9 o'clock this evening, and died shortly after 10:15 o'clock, aged sixty-five years. He was fifty-five years old, and is survived by his wife.

Funeral of Mrs. Stephen.

The funeral of Mrs. Charles Stephen will take place this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock in Oakwood Cemetery. The interment will be in Oakwood Cemetery.

Mrs. Viranda B. Sowell.

Mrs. Viranda Blackburn Sowell, seventy years old, died yesterday morning at 10:15 o'clock at the residence of her son, R. B. Sowell, of 2314 West Main Street. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock from the Pine Street Baptist Church. The interment will be in Hollywood Cemetery.

Funeral of Mrs. J. F. West.

The funeral of Mrs. J. F. West will take place this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock from the First English Evangelical Lutheran Church, Seventh and Grand streets. The interment will be in Oakwood Cemetery.

Mrs. William L. Merello.

Mrs. William L. Merello died yesterday afternoon at 5:35 o'clock at the home of her sister, Mrs. Charles H. Smith, of 701 East Street. She is survived by her husband and five sons. The funeral arrangements have not been made.

Mrs. S. M. Killian.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Salem, Va., June 23.—Mrs. S. M. Killian, widow of C. M. Killian, died yesterday morning at 8:15 o'clock, aged sixty-five years. She had been in declining health for some time. She leaves one son, a daughter and five grandchildren. The funeral will be held at 10 o'clock to-morrow at the residence of her son, Mr. Bowman and Dr. J. P. Killian.

Robert H. Jones.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Charlottesville, Va., June 23.—Robert H. Jones, aged forty-five, a native of Owensville, this county, but more recently of Newport News, where he was employed as a machinist in the navy yard, died this morning at a local hospital, where he had been under treatment for the past three weeks. Mr. Jones left Albemarle several years ago for New York, where he worked on one of the big yachts. His health failing, he returned to Virginia, where he died.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

VAUGHAN.—At a meeting of the Richmond Wholesale Drug Club, held the 17th day of June, 1910, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, it has pleased the Heavenly Father to call to his glory our friend and associate, JOSHUA VAUGHAN, therefore, be it resolved:

That in the death of Mr. Vaughan the drug trade has suffered a severe loss and the club a valuable member, and sincere sympathy for them in their bereavement and our affection for our late friend and associate.

Respectfully,
POWERS—TAYLOR DRUG CO.,
OWENS & MINOR DRUG CO.,
C. M. KNOX, W. P. and Treasr.,
BOWMAN DRUG CO.,
W. C. Miller, Sec'y, and Treasr.,
June 17, 1910.

EXEMPTION FIGHT IS LOST BY LABOR

(Continued From First Page.)

one of the House conferees, moved that the House recede from its position and concur with the Senate's action.

The motion stirred up a hornet's nest. Many members, conscious of the possible labor interpretation of their action in the coming elections, participated in the debate to make clear their positions.

On the final vote, which gave a knockout blow to the Hughes amendment and left the way clear to easier agreement on the sundry bill, the following Republicans voted with the Democrats for the Hughes amendment: Austin, Tennessee; Cary, Cooper, Lenroot, Nelson, Stanford, Fish, New York; Greene, Massachusetts; Focht and Reynolds, Pennsylvania; Hubbard, Kendall and Woods, Iowa; Hayes, California; Krommiller, Maryland; Lundin, Rodenberg and Wilson, Illinois; Murdoch, Kansas, and Poindecker, Washington.

Democrats who voted with the Republicans: Bartlett, Nevada; Calley, Kentucky, and Page, North Carolina.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Virginia and North Carolina.—Generally fair and continued warm Friday; Saturday partly cloudy; Sunday, wind, mostly west.

CONDITIONS YESTERDAY.

At Richmond, Va., June 23, 1910.

Humidity	75
Wind, direction	South
Wind, velocity	10
Weather	Clear
12 noon temperature	89
Maximum temperature	90
P. M. temperature	82
Minimum temperature up to 5	69
Mean temperature	80
Normal temperature	77
Excess in temperature	3
March 1st in temperature	57
since January 1st	91
Excess in rainfall since March 1st	7.30
Excess in rainfall since January 1st	6.10

CONDITIONS IN IMPORTANT CITIES.

Place.	Ther.	H. P.	Weather.
Raleigh	88	88	Clear
Charlotte	88	88	Cloudy
Asheville	82	84	Cloudy
Savannah	76	78	Rain
Tampa	78	78	Cloudy
Jacksonville	78	80	Cloudy
Key West	76	84	Rain
Detroit	76	82	Rain
New Orleans	74	84	Rain
Atlanta	82	84	Clear
Norfolk	84	86	Rain
Hatteras	76	84	Clear
Buffalo	84	82	Cloudy
Cincinnati	86	82	Cloudy
Memphis	80	82	Cloudy
Washington	80	82	Cloudy

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

Sun rises	4:51
Sun sets	7:23
Moon rises	9:25
High Tide	5:48
Low Tide	6:17

LUZIANNE COFFEE

Good with milk delicious with pure sweet cream. Blends perfectly with either lacking no part of its flavor. It's guaranteed to please. Try it.

THE REILLY TAYLOR CO. NEW ORLEANS, LA.

HAIR GERMS

Ayer's Hair Vigor promptly destroys the germs that cause falling hair. Nature completes the work. You save your hair, and have a more luxuriant growth too. Keeps the scalp healthy; destroys all dandruff.

Does not Color the Hair

Your doctor will tell you why you use each of the ingredients in Ayer's Hair Vigor. Ask him all about it. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

Government Bonds

Are good things, but few people can afford them.

A savings account with the Planters National Bank is just as